Enhanced Security Erase Unit Proposal

To: X3T13 Technical committee
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Subj: Proposal to enhance the Security Erase Unit command

Introduction:
Erasing data on devices to a degree which makes recovery of previously written data impossible may require multiple write passes over the media with differing data patterns. User data may remain in sectors which have been relocated. The proposed enhanced erase feature of Security Erase Unit overwrites the data entire device, including sectors that have been reallocated, with a user specified pattern.
In high security applications it is necessary to insure that all data on a non-removable drive is erased when the drive is moved from one user or application to another. Currently there is no way to insure that all user data areas on a drive can be erased. Many ATA drives reallocate user data area when a sector on the media appears to be failing. Rewriting drives with a write command can not rewrite the area on the media in use before the reallocation.

To support applications where maximum security is required during a unit erase operation this proposal adds a new mode to the Security Erase Unit command. The Enhanced Erasure Mode allows a user to supply the data used when overwriting the unit. All user data areas, including reallocated sectors, are to be overwritten with the supplied pattern. If all user data can not be overwritten the device returns an Abort status.

The Enhanced Erasure Mode requires a new bit in Identify word 128 and the ability to transfer the password and the user data to the drive.

Edits to 1153D:

Identify Device
Table 8: Add word 128 bit 5 1=Enhanced Security Erase Unit feature supported
7.8.47 Bit 5 of Word 128 indicates the Enhanced Security Erase Unit feature is supported

Identify Packet Device
Table 8: Add word 128 bit 5 1=Enhanced Security Erase Unit feature supported
7.8.47 Bit 5 of Word 128 indicates the Enhanced Security Erase Unit feature is supported

Security Erase Unit
7.25.6 Error Outputs
ABRT if this command not supported, device is in Frozen mode, not preceded by a SECURITY ERASE PREPARE command, or if the data area is not successfully overwritten.

7.25.8 Description
This command requests transfer of one or two sectors of data from the host. One sector is transferred if normal erasure mode is selected. Two sectors are transferred if enhanced erasure mode is selected. Table XX defines the content of this information. If the password does not match then the device rejects the command with an Aborted error.

The SECURITY ERASE PREPARE command shall be completed immediately prior to the SECURITY ERASE UNIT command. If the device receives a SECURITY ERASE UNIT command without an immediately prior SECURITY ERASE PREPARE command, the device aborts the SECURITY ERASE UNIT command.

When normal erasure mode is selected SECURITY ERASE UNIT command writes binary zeros to all user data areas. When enhanced erasure mode is selected SECURITY ERASE UNIT command writes the user supplied data pattern to all user data areas. In enhanced erasure mode all previously written user data is overwritten, including sectors that are no longer in use due to re-allocation.

This command disables the device lock function, however, the master password is still stored internally within the device and may be reactivated later when a new user password is set.
### Table XX – Security password content

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Control word</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bit 0  Identifier 0=compare user password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bit 1  Erase Mode 0=Normal Erase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bit 2-15 Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0-16</td>
<td>Password (32 bytes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17-255</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>256-511</td>
<td>Erase Overwrite Data, Enhanced Erase Mode Only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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